1805

The History of Zoa, the Beautiful Indian, Daughter of Henrietta de Bellgrave; and of Rodomond, Whom Zoa Releases from Confinement, and with Him Makes Her Escape from Her Father, Who Was the Occasion of Rodomond's Imprisonment and Dreadful Sufferings. To Which is Added the Memoirs of Lucy Harris, a Foundling, Who, at Sixteen Years of Age Was Discovered to be Daughter to the Countess of B- A True Story

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WAS DISCOVERED TO BE
DAUGHTER to the COUNTESS OF B—
A TRUE STORY.

London:
PRINTED AND SOLD BY
SABINE & SON, SHOE LANE, FLEET STREET.
Price Sixpence.
YOU may remember, madam, that I have sometimes made mention of a friend who was very dear to me. He was the companion of my youth; and when both arrived at maturity, were as seldom apart as our different avocations would permit. He was once master of a competent estate; but vexatious lawsuits, with some other misfortunes in the family, deprived him of it; and some years before his death, his only dependance was a post he held about the king's person. Those agonies which nature feels at an approaching dissolution, were greatly heightened by the reflection that he must leave three sons, the eldest of whom had not then seen seven years, entirely unprovided for. I was so unhappy to be out of the kingdom when he died; and at my return found those poor orphans destitute indeed. Relations they had, and some in whose power it was to have protected them; but friendship...
does not always follow blood; and had not my assistance reasonably interposed between them and misery, I know not to what extremes their helpless infancy might have been reduced. In short, I took them under my care; disposed them in a proper manner; and did for them what I should expect their father would have done to children of mine, if in the same situation. As they grew up, I made it my business to observe their different inclinations, and what profession each of them would best become, and be most likely to succeed in. The eldest discovered a martial genius; so I procured him a pair of colours, and he is since promoted to the rank of captain. His next brother, being of a grave and sedentary nature, I sent to the university, where he soon made a great progress in the study of physic. The third had talents more adapted to business than either of the others, and took an extreme delight in reading and talking of mercantile affairs. I used my interest with some of the East-India Directors, and got him sent over to one of the factories. The recommendations he carried with him, and the genteel manner in which I took care he should appear, engaged a very obliging reception from the governor, and all the gentlemen on the coast, which I was glad to hear his own behaviour afterwards improved into a more than ordinary regard. As he went extremely young, he became what they call a junior merchant before
before he was twenty-one; and from the time that he began to trade for himself, was successful beyond expectation. Every ship that arrived from those parts brought me intelligence of some new accession of good fortune; and it is certain that in less than six years, he found himself master of 20,000 pounds. It was, however, his interest to stay some time longer in a place he found so advantageous to him; and I expected nothing less than to see him, when last week I received a letter from him dated at Deal. As it was extremely short, I believe my memory will serve me to repeat it. I think it contained these lines:

"SIR,

"The most extraordinary accident in the world returns me to my native country some years sooner than I designed. I am but this moment arrived, and find the stage just setting out for London, so must defer an explanation of my affairs till I have the honor and happiness of throwing myself at your feet, to beg the continuance of that goodness to which I owe all that I am, and which I shall never cease to acknowledge by all acts of gratitude, duty, and veneration, till I cease to be

"RODOMOND."

The surprise this letter gave me on first reading, and the impatience that succeeded it, were more strong than is usual in a man of my years; but I must own, that though
I took an equal care of all the children of my deceased friend, yet this Rodomond more particularly shared my tenderness. He had discovered in his infant years such a sweetness of disposition, as had always interested my affections in his behalf; and I know not if I were happy enough to have such a son, whether it were possible for me to love him more.

At length he came. He was tall and well-proportioned. He received the embraces I gave him with a politeness which one might rather have expected from a young man bred up in a court, than in a factory of merchants; but indeed we, who happen to be born to estates, and have nothing to do but to improve our minds, are apt to be a little too tenacious of that advantage, and imagine that commerce and good-manners are things incompatible; whereas nothing can be more unjust. Most merchants are the younger sons of good families—often have relations in the highest ranks, with whom they converse; and I see no reason why being employed in a business, which is in itself the strength and glory of a kingdom, should make them derogate from that genteel turn of behaviour inculcated in their childhood. We have many living instances that a merchant may be a fine gentleman; and of those who act in a manner which it were to be wished some in a superior sphere would endeavour to imitate. 

Those
Those gentlemen, who, like Rodomond, are sent young into our colonies abroad, cannot be said to have many opportunities of improving themselves in the polite studies; therefore, that he is so well qualified for conversation is the more to be applauded in him, as he owes it merely to nature, and that propensity which directed him to make choice of those for the companions of his leisure hours, with whom he could be in no danger of losing what he had learned in England.

I have already confessed that this young merchant is very dear to me, therefore you will pardon the overflowings of my heart in this digression; but I ought to consider to whom I write, and that it is with other matters than an old man's fondness I should entertain you.

After the first demonstration of respect and gratitude on his part, and tenderness on mine were a little over, I began to question him on the motives of his return; not that I blamed him for it, as I told him, because I thought he had already acquired a fortune sufficient to content any man that was not avaricious; but as his last letter from the Indies had declared a resolution of continuing there some time, I had an impatience to know what had wrought so great a change in his sentiments. On which he gave me the account I expected from him, in these or the like words:

"Or
"On my first arrival at Bombay, I was too young to be made a companion for those of riper years; and in my nature rather too serious to partake the diversions of those who were nearer my own age; so passed most of those hours I could spare from the service of the company, in learning the Malayan language; in which I became so great a proficient in a short time, that I could converse with the natives with as much ease as if I had been born among them. I cannot say I forebore any great advantages would accrue to me by this study; but it afforded me, at that time, a good deal of pleasure to inform myself concerning the religion, the laws, the customs, and the humours of the people I was among, in a more particular manner than I could else have done.

It proved, however, of much more consequence than I expected; for our interpreter dying, the company suffered greatly, by being obliged to trust to the Indians. This I perceived; and as the governor, and indeed all the gentlemen of the factory, had been extremely obliging to me, I was prevailed upon, by my own inclination as well as their entreaties, to take upon me that office; which I no sooner did, than I detected several impositions; obliged those who had been guilty of them to make allowances in the next bargain; and, I may venture to say, upon a moderate calculation, saved the company above a hundred thousand pounds in two years time. This,
This, sir, endeared me very much to the factory; but it rendered me so hateful to the natives, who before loved me, that they resolved, at any rate, to get rid of a person who deprived them of making those advantages they would otherwise have done.

It was my custom every morning to ride out before the heat of the day came on, and, as I suspected no treachery, went frequently alone, and sometimes would make an excursion several miles into the country.

This negligence had like to have proved fatal to me. In one of those airings, as I was passing by the side of a thick wood, with which that country very much abounds, the bridle of my horse hanging carelessly over the pommel of the saddle, and my mind entirely taken up with a book I had in my hand, I heard the sound of several voices, and on a sudden found myself encompassed by five men, armed with cutlasses, who, without speaking a word to me, seized me, dragged me off my horse, bound me hand and foot, and then tied me on one of their own horses. At I was quite unarmed, it was in vain to attempt any resistance: all I could do was to ask the meaning of this strange usage; what was their design; and how I had offended their master; for I knew two of them to be servants to a banyan with whom I had a particular acquaintance, and who had always expressed a more than ordinary friendship for me. But there is no
trusting to the professions of those people; they frequently seem most kind when they have most the intention of destroying, and no liking of a person is sufficient to prevent them from seeking his ruin, when their own interest comes in competition.

They made no answer to any of my questions, nor seemed the least affected with the remonstrances I made of the injustice and cruelty they were guilty of, in treating an innocent man in this manner; and when I found they made their way with me into the wood, I expected nothing but immediate death, and that this was the place where my tragedy must be acted; but I found they had other orders; and contenting themselves with passing through one corner of it, carried me directly to the house of the banyan; after which, they threw me into a hole in the garden, that had just light enough to shew me the horribleness of it; and there left me bound in the same manner I have described.

It would be difficult, sir, to make you sensible of what I then felt in this situation; none but those who have inevitable death flaunting them in the face, can be able to conceive it. I must confess I wanted fortitude and patience. I thought it hard to die at my age, and in the fullness of my strength and vigour, and yet harder to fall a sacrifice to the cruelty of these barbarians. I accused myself of cowardice and stupidity, that I had not
not, by opposing the wretches who laid hold of me, provoked them to end me at once, rather than have suffered them to bring me where my fate was to be no less certain, and perhaps more dreadful than it could have been by their weapons. Amid these reflections, not one flattering idea arose. There was, indeed, not the least room to hope I could make any escape, bound as I was, and under the roof of one who I might well judge had not taken these pains to have me in his power to leave me any possibility of getting out of it; and I was giving way to despair, which would have been criminal in one who ought to have remembered that nothing is impossible to divine providence, when all at once I saw the shadow of something at the entrance of my cavern, and heard a voice cry, 'Rodomond.' I looked up, and perceived from the depth in which I was plunged, that it was a woman that spoke to me. 'Rodomond,' continued she, 'my heart is pierced with shame and sorrow, at the cruelty of my father. He is determined to kill you; it is, he thinks, a service he owes his country; the moment he returns from the town, where one of the servants is now gone to acquaint him with your being taken, is designed to be the last of your life."

Here she ceased to speak, and I could easily perceive by the sound of her voice, that it was her tears put a stop to her words. I had
I had often seen this young maid, and thought her extremely amiable, but had no acquaintance with her; and the pity she seemed to feel for my distress, added to the advantageous idea I had before of her. I was about saying something that might express my gratitude, when she, having recovered herself a little, resumed her discourse in these terms:—

"I flatter myself, it is in my power to save you; but no time is to be lost in the attempt. You must therefore bind yourself by a solemn vow, to perform three things I shall enjoin; which, if you consent to, be assured I will either preserve, or perish with you."

I then told her, that I would ever look upon her as my guardian angel; that I would bind myself eternally to her service, and refuse no command she should lay upon me, provided obedience was not inconsistent with my duty to heaven, or what I owed to my own honor.

"Did I think you capable of infringing either," answered this charming maid, "I would not run the risk I now do to save you." But to ease you of all apprehensions on that score, the articles which I require your strict performance of are these: First, if I am so fortunate as to deliver you from my father's power, you shall never be publicly seen again in Bombay; but quit the place with all possible expedition; and as I cannot hope
to be forgiven what I do for you, make me the partner of your flight. Secondly, that during the voyage, and on your arrival in your own country, or wherever you shall think fit to go, you will never make any attempts on my virtue, either by persuasions or force, but suffer me to live in the way I shall choose. And lastly, that you will make no discovery of my father's treachery, in order to draw on him the revenge of your countrymen, but keep what has passed an inviolable secret.'

With these words she gave over speaking, expecting me to reply, which I did in this manner: "The two first of your demands are too agreeable to my own inclination and principles not to be readily agreed to; but the last is more difficult. I shall, however, not hesitate to forgive, and bury in silence, all the faults of the father, in consideration of the daughter's merits, and the obligations she lays me under; and here I invoke that power we Europeans worship, to bless me as I observe, with the utmost exactness and fidelity, what is now required of me."—"I am satisfied," said she, "and now behold the contrivance I have formed for you." With that she struck a flint upon a steel, and setting a bundle of straw she had brought with her for that purpose on fire, threw it down to me. "Be not alarmed," said she, but let it burn the cords that tye your hands; a little scorching will be the worst that
that can befall you; for when the fire has done its work, I have water here to pour down, and prevent it going farther than is necessary.'

I cannot say, but the method appeared somewhat extraordinary, and the blaze in that narrow cavern very terrifying; but my condition was desperate, and I rolled myself as well as I could toward that part where the fire was, and continued till not only the cords, but my clothes were on fire. As soon as my hands and feet were at liberty, I tore off my coat, and being then able to stand upright, stamped upon the blaze till I entirely extinguished it without the help of the fair Indian's bucket, which she however emptied to prevent any danger from its rekindling before I was got out, which still seemed to me an insuperable difficulty, considering the height I was to clamber; but my protectress had provided also an expedient for this; she had brought with her a rope of great strength and thickness; in which having made several nooses for me to put my feet in, she fastened one end to the trunk of a tree, with so many knots that it was impossible to slip, and let the other down, telling me I must make use of it instead of a ladder. I did so, though with incredible pain, for my hands being very much scorched, not only the skin, but the flesh in some places came off, by grasping the thick and rough cord. My feet were in
the same condition, my shoes and flockings having been burnt off. At length, however, I reached the top, but certainly a more lamentable object could not be seen.

Zoa (for so the banyan's daughter is called) was filled with the utmost pity and surprise at my appearance; but as this was not a place for either of us to express the passions with which we were actuated, she made a sign to me to follow her, which I did as fast as the soreness of my feet would permit, into the wood; where having chosen the most thick and unfrequented part of it, she bade me lye down under the cover of some shrubs which grew high, and not to move from that place till her return.

I will not trouble you, sir, with the particulars of my contemplations during my waiting for Zoa. I shall only say, that in the midst of that agitation of mind I was in, from the time of my first seizure, to my strange deliverance from that dreadful pit, where I had expected to rise no more, I did not forget to bless the divine power, which had so miraculously preserved me, nor to invoke the continuance of his goodness.

It was about two hours, as near as I can guess, that I continued in the posture Zoa had left me, without hearing the sound of any human feet approaching that way. At last, a certain rustling in the thicket informed me that some living creature was not far off. As I had some apprehensions con-
cerning the mischievous animals that haunt those woods, I ventured to lift my head above my leafy covert, in order to discover what it was, and be upon my guard against any attack of the nature I imagined; but my consternation very much increased, when I saw a Negro slave, with a bundle under his arm, come directly where I was. I crouched down again with all the haste I could, when the person who had given me this palpitation eased me of it, by calling me by my name, in a voice which I soon knew was that of my fair deliverer. 'Rodomond,' said she, 'do you think it possible even for my own father to know me in this disguise?' I then had courage to rise, and indeed could scarce be convinced that under the form of a crooked and deformed Negro, I saw the beautiful Zoa. The astonishment she saw me in, forced a smile from her, in spite of the anxiety she must of consequence be in at what she had undertaken; but finding she was sufficiently concealed, she opened her bundle, which contained the habit of a slave; this she made me put on, and afterward rubbed my face and the other exposed parts of my body, with a certain black ointment, which made me seem as much a Negro as if I had been born in Guinea.

When she had thus provided against all discovery, in case we had been seen by any that knew us, she told me that when she left the house, her father was not come home, but
but was expected every moment. That nobody as yet had been near the pit, and my escape was not suspected. 'Therefore,' said she, 'you must now consider what friend you can best depend upon to conceal us, till some ship goes off; for it will be wholly improper to go to your own house, as you are under an obligation to keep all this a secret.'

I did not long hesitate on whom I should rely; there was a gentleman, who above all the rest had given me signal marks of his esteem, who I knew was entirely free from all that levity of nature which occasions a curiosity of diving into affairs improper to be revealed. The pain I was in by the desperate way I was obliged to take in order to get rid of my bonds, would not suffer me to walk without supporting myself with a bough of a tree, which I with some difficulty tore off, and leaned upon. Yet I know not, in the condition I was, whether I should have been able to have reached the factory, if providence had not sent an unexpected relief. As we were walking, or rather creeping, for my kind companion was obliged to keep my pace, I saw my own to begin ag a fast, with theaddle and taddle, just as when I had been for a time and was nearly only mounted. We kept on behind a hill, and we arrived by a short cut near the town. As soon as she had got herself well on foot,
By good fortune he happened to be at home; but under the appearance I was, I found some difficulty of being admitted. The servants told me he was busy, insisted on my telling from whom I came, or they would not disturb him; and I was obliged to name my own name, and say I was sent by myself, on an affair of importance, before they would go into him. At last I was introduced, but Zoa was left in an outer room. As soon as I found myself alone with him, I discovered who I was, told him that a very extraordinary occasion, which I begged he would dispense with my revealing, at least for some time, rendered it absolutely necessary I should quit Bombay with the first ship, and that I chose not to appear any more while I continued there; so desired he would now give a proof of that friendship he had always professed, by permitting me, and a companion I had with me, to remain privately in his house till we had an opportunity of departing from the country.

He was very much amazed, as indeed he had reason to be, both at my transformation and request; assured me that I might depend on every thing in his power to serve me; but added, if I had had the misfortune of doing anything for which the law might take hold of me, that his house would be an improper place to take shelter in, as it would very probably be the first searched, on account of the known intimacy between us.

This
This giving me to understand he imagined I had either killed a man, or committed some very gross misdemeanor, I thought it proper to let him know, that neither myself, nor the person for whom I equally begged his protection, had been guilty of any thing offensive; and that it was for the crimes of others, not our own, that we were obliged to leave Bombay. I added, that I was at present under a most solemn engagement not to reveal the secret; but he would be convinced, when I should be missed in the factory, by what would be said concerning me, that whatever search might be made for me, would be occasioned more by friendship than revenge.

He then begged pardon for his mistake, which he said might happen on seeing me in that disguise, and ordered the other seeming Negro to be called in.

You will easily believe, sir, my sudden abscinding caused a great surprise in the colony; but no one being able, after the most diligent inquiry, to hear any thing of me, and my horse being afterward found, it was supposed I had been torn to pieces by some beast; and I had the satisfaction to find I was enough beloved to have my imaginary death very much lamented.

My friend all this time laboured under an astonishment at the motives of my behaviour, which with all the pains he took was imposible to be concealed. The generous Zoa
Zoa perceived it, and also the constraint it was to me to hide anything from a friend who so well deserved my confidence; and seeing me one day more than ordinarily thoughtful, 'Rodomond,' said she, 'I should be sorry the life I have preserved should be attended with any disquiet on my score. I consent your friend shall be made acquainted with our whole adventure, provided you engage his promise not to divulge it to any person, or seek any revenge on my father.'

I cannot express how much this goodness charmed me, nor the satisfaction I took in unboasting myself unfreservedly to my friend, who heard the story with the utmost surprize. As much horror as he conceived at the proceeding of the treacherous and mercifles banyan, the virtues of his daughter indemnified him in his opinion, and he repeated the vow to her he before had made to me, never to mention the affair. She then told him that her father had no personal ill-will to me; but on account of my taking upon me to be interpreter, he thought it was doing a service to his nation to get rid of me. That the thing had been long concerted between him and some others, and wait laid for me; and that the pit I was thrown into was intended to be my grave, after they had shot me. She added also, that having overheard this design, and detecting the baleness of it, she had it in her thoughts
thoughts to give me some warning of it; but having no person in whom she could confide, on the one part, and the apprehensions of my discovering it, on the other, and thereby drawing the resentment of all the English on her father, had deterred her; but that on hearing I was taken, the horror of my fate so struck her, that she immediately resolved to forgo all fate, fortune, friends, and country, and hazard everything, rather than not prevent it, if there was a possibility.

My friend understood not a word of the Malayan language, and she spoke no English; so I was obliged to interpret the little narrative she made, and the many praises she gave in return, which were so great, that when I repeated them her modesty would not suffer me to go on, and I was obliged to suppress many of them. It is certain he spoke out of the abundance of his heart. He often told me afterward, that he had never read or heard of anything that affected him so much, and in his opinion she had shown more of the real heroine, than any who had adorned antiquity.

As all the inquiry made after me by the governor and the gentlemen of the factory could inform them nothing, it was believed by everybody that I was dead, and accordingly, my effects were deposited under the care of twelve of the principals, as is the custom on the decease of any one, in order to be
be remitted to my relations in England. That friend at whose house I was, was one of them; and as I informed him of all the particulars of my fortune, he was able to gather in much more than would ever have been done had I been dead in reality.

Zoa, all this time, would not be prevailed on to quit her disguise, nor suffer me to do so, though we were both lodged in chambers of which the master of the house kept the keys, and permitted nobody to enter but himself; so fearful was she, lest by any accident, either of us should be seen, and the mystery unravelled, to the prejudice of her father. Care was taken, however, to provide her habits, and every thing necessary for a person of her sex and condition, against we went on board; which was about six weeks after the accident.

My friend agreed with the captain for the passage of two persons, whose names were to be concealed; but told him he would be answerable that, though we chose to go in private, no crime could be laid to our charge which should occasion his being called to an account for receiving us on board.

The day we were to embark, I dressed myself as I had been accustomed to do, and Zoa also washed the black ointment from her hands and face, and put on an English habit, which, though altogether new to her, she appeared perfectly easy and genteel in. My friend, who had never before seen her as a woman,
woman, was dazzled and transported when he first came into the room. He confessed he had never beheld any thing so lovely; and was restrained from yielding his whole soul to a passion more tender than admiration, only by the imagination he always had, that there was some love joined with the pity which had engaged her to go such lengths for my sake.

Indeed, sir, (continued Rodomond, with a sigh) her person is not less amiable than her mind. Her mother, it seems, was an European; and she retains only so much of her father's colour as to render her what may be called a brown woman. Her eyes are sparkling, and full of fire. All her features are regular; and there is an enchanting sweetness about her mouth, which no description can come up to. Her air has in it all the ease and genteel turn of the French ladies, with the sweetness and modesty of the English. But as I flatter myself you will permit me to bring her to wait on you, I shall leave the decision of what she is to your judgment.'

Here I could not forbear interrupting my young merchant, by saying to him, 'Perhaps, Rodomond, I may not see with your eyes.' These few words, pronounced in a more serious tone than ordinary, and accompanied with a look that I believe had somewhat in it of austerity, put him into such a confusion, that I was obliged to tell him
him I expected the conclusion of the narrative he had begun, before he could recover himself enough to pursue his discourse.

`As soon,' said he, `as the approach of night favoured our departure with the secrecy we wished, I wrapped myself up in my cloak, and Zoa pulled a hood over her face; and thus, accompanied by our worthy host, went down to the port, where the ship was lying at anchor. He would needs see us on board; and continued with us in the cabin till we were ready to sail; then recommended us to the care of the captain, and went on shore. To comply with the timidity of Zoa, who still trembled for her father, I kept close in the cabin, till after we weighed anchor, and were out at sea; but her apprehensions being then over, I shewed myself to the captain, with whom I was well acquainted. Never was surprise greater than he was in, to find me living, after the whole colony had bewailed my death, and that I quitted Bombay in so odd a manner. He asked me many questions, which I evaded answering directly; and presenting Zoa to him, gave him liberty to think it was for some reasons relating to that beautiful partner of my voyage, that I took it either so suddenly or in so private a manner.

`This sir, (continued Rodomond), is all I have to acquaint you with; except that the friend I mentioned has ordered it so, that all
all my effects will follow me in the next ship.'

I then told him I found something so singular in his escape from the banyan, that it might almost be looked upon as miraculous; and I thought all gratitude was owing to the fair maid that had contrived it; 'but,' said I, willing to fathom his inclinations, 'I have observed that through the course of your story you have spoke of her with a warmth, which makes me fear, that, however punctual you have been in one part of the promise she exacted from you, you have not been able to fulfil the other; and she perhaps might not so strenuously insist on your keeping it, as she at first affected to do. 'Come, Rodomond,' pursued I, perceiving he was in an extreme perplexity, 'confess the truth of this affair. I now indeed am past those pains and pleasures which are called love; but yet I am not so old as to have forgot the desires and impatiencies of youth. I know how difficult it is to preserve moderation, when beauty, love, and opportunity invites, and in so long a voyage.'

'Ah, sir! I conjure you,' interrupted he, throwing himself at my feet, 'entertain no thought in prejudice of the virtue of the admirable Zoa. I will lay open all my soul to you. 'Tis true, I love her. My inclination goes hand in hand with the gratitude I owe her, as the preserver of my life; and
and both together make up the most perfect passion that ever was in the world. I confess likewise that I have declared it to her, and that I have been happy enough to make an impression on her heart; and that she has consented to be mine by such ways as are approved by heaven, and warranted by the laws of man. But, sir, I concealed nothing of my affairs from her. I told her that I had a patron, a benefactor, a more than a father, to whom I owed my all, and without whom I could do nothing. She approved the dutiful respect; praised my best gratitude; and protested that in case I ever swerved from it, the regard she now had for me would be lessened. This, sir, is the true state between us. Dear as she is to me, she shall never be mine without your permission; but if you think proper to refuse it, grant, I beseech you, that I may bestow on her one half of what my industry has acquired, either as a dowry for some happier man, or to live single, independant of the world. This is the least she ought to expect from me; and you, I am certain, are too good, too just to oppose it.

The earnestness with which he spake these words, convinced me at once of his honor, and the fervency of his passion; at least I fancied so, and was very much affected by it. To maintain, however, the gravity of my character, and at the same time to be more assured he was not deceived by his inclination
clination for the Indian maid, into a better opinion of her than she deserved, I replied to him in these terms:

'Rodomond,' said I, after raising him from the posture he was in, 'I do not pretend by what I have done for you, to assume any power over you; but my years, and the experience I have of the world, ought to give my advice a claim to your attention. I acknowledge the obligations you have to Zoa. Whatever view she might have in setting you free, the advantage has yet been wholly yours; therefore it would be unjust in you not to make easy the life of a person to whom you are indebted for your own; but as to marriage, I would have you consider from what race she sprung, and that she is of a people famous for treachery.'

Here he was about to interrupt me; but I prevented him by crying, 'Hold, Rodomond, I accuse her not. She may be no less amiable in her mind, than your fond passion paints her person. I will see her; and after that, give you my sentiments.'

He then told me, that during the voyage he had taught her English, which she now spoke tolerably well; and that he wished no more than that I would admit her to my presence. He said he had left her at the inn where the coach set up, till he could provide a lodging for her, and would bring her immediately. To this I readily consented, and withal bade him think of no other
other home at present, either for her or himself, than my house. He seemed transported at this, and took his leave; but in less than half an hour returned, and presented to me the object of his affections.

On the first sight I found indeed his passion had not given a flattering description of her. Beside the beauty of her features, there is something irresistibly engaging in her whole person; and I must own that I never beheld any thing more lovely and attractive. I received her with the utmost civility, and made her the offer of an apartment in my house; with which she seemed extremely pleased; and told me in broken, though agreeable English, that she believed I was the universal father of the distressed.

A few days served to convince me she was well worthy of Rodomond. She seemed desirous of being initiated into the Christian faith, the articles of which Rodomond had fully instructed her in; on which I prepared for the ceremony, and was myself her godfather. After her baptism I gave a ready consent to the nuptials of two persons who seemed designed by nature to make each other happy through this transitory life. They still remain with me; and it will not be with my consent if they ever leave me.

During our conversations, the lovely Indian told me, that she had a great veneration for the English, and frequently visited some of them; but that her desire of becoming a Christian
Christian was not owing to any argument or persuasion of theirs; that those of the factory were very cautious how they mentioned any such things to the natives, fearing to create animosities; but said, that the happy propensity was partly born with her, and partly intilled by some papers her mother left, with an account of her life, in the Malayan language, all written by herself; which informed her that her mother was an European and a Christian, and also acquainted her with the principles of that religion.

In the history of that lady who brought Zoa into the world, there are circumstances no less interesting than in the life of Zoa herself. The various accidents, and at last the severe necessity which compelled her to become the wife of a man, of a complexion, religion, and manners so different from those of her own country, will, I doubt not, excite the compassion of all who read it; and in that confidence I shall here end the story of Zoa; as more particulars are related concerning her in the life of her mother, Henrietta de Bellgrave, which is just published, price only Sixpence.
HISTORY OF

Lucy Harris,

A FOUNDLING.

At a place called Upton upon Severn, in Worcestershire, lived a poor fisherman and his wife, who by great pains and industry got scarcely enough to maintain them, yet they never had any children.

One morning by day-break, as the man was walking by the side of the Severn, and was going to catch some of the finny tribe, he chanced to see a wicker basket swimming towards him; he threw his hook and drew it close. When he had taken it out of the river, he carried it home, and informed his wife how he found it, who helped to open it. When they had taken off the cover, to their great astonishment they saw a female infant, which did not appear to have been many days in the world. The basket was lined with tin, to keep it from sinking, the bottom and sides were covered with quilted fattin, so that it lay as warm as in a bed; the clothes it had on were laced and embroidered, besides a very rich white fattin robe. At the child's feet lay a large bag of gold, and a paper
Whoever finds this infant take care of it, as some time or other the unhappy parents may have it in their power to own it; its name is Lucy.

The beauty and innocence of this child would have moved any one to pity; and they being very fond of children, was resolved to call it their own. They examined the bag, and found sufficient to enrich them for life: they furnished their house, and made every thing comfortable; the good woman nursed the child with the tenderest care, and they both loved it as if it had been their own.

The man, whose name was Harris, bought himself a fishing boat, with tackle and everything fit for his business, notwithstanding they had money enough, he did not wish to be idle, but to live in a comfortable way.

Lucy grew a fine girl, and when she could speak, was taught to call them father and mother, and afterwards when she grew older really believed them to be so, as they never informed her how she was found.

When she was about fourteen, she was surprisingly beautiful, and caused admiration in all that beheld her.

Harris and his wife supposed she came of a high degree, therefore would not let her do any hard work, but had her educated in the best manner that could be. The report of Lucy's charms spread many miles round, and all the young country squires and
and fox-hunters came a hunting after the fisherman's handsome daughter. Lucy's sense and modesty were as great as her beauty, so that she gave them no encouragement to pursue her, for she found they came upon dishonorable terms, as not one of them offered to marry her, because of her mean pedigree, and having no fortune.

Harris and his wife often consulted together about acquainting Lucy that she was a foundling, as her knowledge of it, and the circumstances attending it, might prevent her from throwing herself away upon one beneath her; but as they did not find her inclinable to marry at present, they concluded to keep her in ignorance of it, till fate or chance should discover it.

The time for Upton races being come, which are held there once a year, Lucy was dressed in a simple but becoming manner, and went to see them, with a young woman in the town, who was her principal companion. The company was very numerous, and many gentlemen took particular notice of Lucy; but a young nobleman, Lord T,—was quite smitten with her; he went to her in the stand where she was, and entered into discourse with her; his lordship was quite charmed with her wit and ready answers, and though he had heard she was only a fisherman's daughter, could not secure his heart from falling deeply in love with her. Lucy, had the been
been a lady of fortune could have listened to him with pleasure, but prudence made her endeavour to conquer the tender impressions she began to feel for him.

Lord T——was not twenty years of age, was handsome, his person was graceful and manly, and he had a peculiar softness in his address, especially when he spoke of love. No wonder Lucy felt a pleasing emotion, while he spoke in such tender strains, as his passion for her inspired him. In short, he was so enraptured with her beauty, that when the races were over he offered to accompany her home, but Lucy insisted on the contrary, telling his lordship her father was a man of a mean occupation, and their house was not worthy to entertain such a young nobleman. Lucy took her leave of him, and laid an injunction on him not to come after her to her father's house, as it would answer no purpose, being such a disparity in their birth; but Lord T——found himself too deeply wounded to give her up so easily; he was obliged however to join the company he came with, but his whole thoughts were taken up with the charms of Lucy.

She grew melancholy, but did not tell her father and mother about the young nobleman, but she could think of nothing else; vain where all her endeavours to drive him from her memory; his image was present to her imagination; yet being sensible he
he was not a fit match for her, she could expect nothing but ruin to be the consequence of indulging her passion for him. Lucy had resolution enough to withstand the many dishonorable offers she had had from gentlemen, because she had hitherto never felt love's smart, but the little god of love had entangled her in his snares, and made her, though unwillingly, submit to his yoke.

Lord T— having passed a restless night, and never experienced the pangs of love before, he reflected on the consequences of marrying Lucy without his father's consent, and as to gaining that he knew was next to an impossibility; and he loved her too well, and had too much honour in his nature to deceive her, and bring her too ruin on false pretences. Finding it impossible to cure his passion, he thought there would be no harm to see her sometimes, and confess his love to her; and when he was at age was determined to marry her, as he would possess a fortune independent of his father. But how to see her he was at a loss, as the races was to continue only two days longer, when his friends he came with would expect him to return with them to London; therefore to make as much as he could of the short time he had to stay at Upton, he wrote the following letter to Lucy:

* My
'My charming Lucy,

'Since first I beheld you, I have never experienced one moment's rest; all your powerful charms have touched my heart so deeply, that it would be death to me to think of parting with you for ever, but as I must return to London in two days, earnestly beg of you to permit me to see you, to convince you my intentions are honorable; therefore my dear angel pity the pangs of your disconsolate lover,

'—T—'

When Lord T—— had written this billet-deux, he walked about the town, considering how he should get it delivered to Lucy, and passing by a milliner's shop, he saw Fanny, her friend, who lived there; Lord T—— went into the shop and purchased some trifle, and none but Fanny being there, reminded her of his being with her and Lucy the day before at the races, and begged the favor of her to give her friend that letter as soon as she could. Fanny promised she would, and soon after, leaving another young woman to mind the shop, she went to Lucy. Mr. Harris's house was not near the town, but stood on the banks of the Severn; the people in the town therefore knew nothing of his finding the basket, and seeing the woman bring a young child about with her took it to be their own; and as to their prosperity and living in a creditable way, it was looked upon as owing
to his industry. When Fanny came to the house, she saw Lucy sitting in the porch at the door lost in thoughts of love; she told her of the young nobleman coming to her shop, and gave her his letter. Lucy was agreeably surprised, and having read it, she did not know what to do; however, she said she would write a short answer to it, and bring it her to give to him when he called, which she did as follows:

"My Lord,

I am afraid you will injure yourself in the opinion of the world, by devoting your thoughts on one so far beneath you. If your love is founded upon honor, I pity you; if on the contrary, I must take care of myself, and fly you betimes, before your soft persuasive eloquence charms me to forget what belongs to virtue and innocence; at the same time I must confess it is with reluctance I deny myself the pleasure of conversing with you; but as prudence is the guide of my conduct, I hope you will excuse my declining the honor of your company. I am, my Lord, your Lordship's humble servant,

Lucy Harris."

She then went to Fanny, gave her the letter, and returned home again.

Lord T—being anxious to hear his doom, walked by the shop again, Fanny seeing him, went out and gave him his answer; his heart leaped for joy to receive a letter
a letter from his beloved Lucy; he read it, and was thrown into despair, but reading it again, and considering some parts of it, he rather admired her for her virtue, than blamed her for her coldness, as he found by her words she had some regard for him, only restrained her inclination through fear. Eager to let her know the sincerity of his love, and convince her, far from injuring her honor he would guard it at the hazard of his life, he sought the place of her abode, and found it.

Lucy was sitting in a pensive posture, leaning her cheek on her hand, in the shade at the door, when Lord T——approached her; she started and blushed, and was preparing to leave him, but he stopped her, saying, 'My charming Lucy, do not fly from the youth who adores you!'—'My Lord,' says she, 'what can I do? you know it is not proper for me to listen to your love.'—'Oh! yes it is, my charming girl,' says he, 'such as mine is. My wishes are as pure as your own virtue, and all my gratifications at present center in seeing you and hearing you speak. Allow me then, my adorable Lucy, that innocent privilege.' Lucy being much moved by the earnest manner in which he spoke, her own heart taking his part, the consented to walk with him on the banks of the river. Here he uttered all that the tenderest passion could dictate, and poured forth his whole soul to her.
her. Lucy at last being overcome by the tender theme, confessed a mutual flame. Lord T—— transported with this declaration, protested in the most solemn manner he would marry her as soon as he came of age to receive his estate, which wanted but a year and a half. They enjoyed each other’s company several hours, and the next day he came to take his leave of Lucy, as he was going to London with the two gentlemen he came with; but he told her he would only just shew himself at his father’s house, and on pretence of going somewhere or other he would come back again for a month.

Lucy thought it was her duty to let her parents know how far Lord T—— had engaged himself to her, but at the same time said, if it did not meet with their approbation she would refuse him, notwithstanding the love he had for him, which was no more than his generosity merited from her. Mr. and Mrs. Harris was much pleased at this information, and assured Lucy it would be highly agreeable to them to see her so well matched, only desired her to be careful he did not deceive her.

In four days time Lord T—— arrived at Upton again; he put up at an inn, and then went to see his beloved Lucy. As their love was known and approved of by the supposed parents, Lord T—— was admitted into the house, which was neat and tolerably well
well-furnished; he paid his respects to Mr. and Mrs. Harris, thinking them Lucy's parents, and they in return treated him and waited on him with homage, but his behaviour was so free and easy, that they began to admire him as much as Lucy loved him.

She had often been solicited, as has been mentioned before, by several country squires in an unlawful way, but had refused them; but one of them, Squire S—— was determined to have her at any rate; he had been engaged some time in a love affair, but having debauched the girl, grew tired of her, and had forsaken her; he now thought of Lucy again, although she had refused him. He came to her father's house to order some fish to be sent home, and seeing Lucy, told her she had better comply, for he must and would possess her. Lucy refused him with scorn, and he went away vowing revenge. Her father heard part of what he said, and desired Lucy to be upon her guard, as he was a savage rake, and capable of anything. Lucy would have told Lord T——, but was fearful of bringing him into danger if he should resent the behaviour of the squire. For several nights after this they were waked by the barking of a large dog the fisherman kept, and one night he got up, knowing his dog would not bark for nothing, and fired a blunderbuss out of the window. This alarm was given by Squire S——, who had hired two fellows to help him to seize Lucy.
Lucy, and carry her away, but the dog barking and the firing of the piece prevented that scheme.

One evening after, as Lucy was walking on the banks of the Severn, waiting for her lover to join her, (for they were fond of that place, as there Lord T—first breathed his vows of love,) ruminating on the pleasures to come, when Squire S— caught her in his arms and killed her, she struggled to get from him, but in vain, he held her close, and attempted to be rude; Lucy screamed out, and Lord T—being near flew to her assistance; he drew his sword, which obliged the other to do so too, and the young nobleman wounded him in the sword arm. Lord T—finding it not dangerous, was under no apprehension; he gave him his sword again, telling him never for the future to molest unguarded innocence; the squire left them vowing revenge; and then Lucy informed her lover of the offers he had made her.

About a week after this somebody poisoned their faithful dog; Mr. Harris suspected Squire S—, but he dare not complain. The next night they were awakened by a strong smell of fire; they all got up, and soon discovered a shed adjoining to the house all in flames; some people not far off alarmed the tow, people, who came running to help them; Lord T—hearing it was at the fisherman’s house, flew with the utmost precipitation,
precipitation, hardly suffering his feet to touch the ground, but finding it had not reached the house, he endeavoured to quench the flames, and with the assistance of some others got it out without doing much damage; he then went in to see after his dear Lucy, who was near fainting with terror, and stayed with them the rest of the night. Mr. Harris was well assured it must be done on purpose, as none of them had been near it since morning, and again censured the squire; but Lord T—— said no gentleman could be so base; but he mistook his character, for Squire S—— would hesitate at no villainy to gain his ends; it was no other than himself, afficted by the two villains his accomplices. They had killed the dog first, because he lay in that shed, and his intention was to carry off Lucy, thinking she would run out, but seeing Lord T—— endeavouring to quench the flames, his rage turned against him, as he had prevented him twice from his desires, and had likewise wounded him; being a man of no honor, he would not demand satisfaction of him openly, though he might have done it without owning his villany, on account of his being his rival; however, he concluded to have him way-laid and murdered, and the next morning his two accomplices concealed themselves in a wood, near which Lord T—— usually rode for the benefit of the air, and as he was passing the place where they lay hid,
one of them with a large stick knocked him off his horse, and the other was preparing to stab him, when seeing two horsemen galloping towards them, they left the young nobleman stunned on the ground, and made their escape. The two gentlemen coming up, and finding Lord T— senseless, raised him from the ground, and after a little time he recovered, but could give no account of the persons who had used him so, and finding he was not robbed, they judged it could not be thieves that attacked him. The gentlemen going to the town, accompanied Lord T— to the inn, where he went to bed, and had a surgeon to dress the wound he had received. Finding himself not in a condition to go out for several days, he wrote the following letter to Lucy, thinking she would be alarmed at his not attending as usual:

"My Dear Lucy,

I desire you will not be frightened, or give yourself any uneasiness, when I have informed you I cannot have the happiness of seeing you for two or three days, having met with an accident that prevents me from the only pleasure I can enjoy in life; you may depend as soon as I can with safety I will come to you. Mean time I remain your sincere and affectionate lover,

T——."

When Lucy read this she was ready to swoon,
swoon; she begged her father to step and see what was the matter with him. Mr. Harris went immediately; Lord T—— was pleased to see the regard the good man expressed for him, and told him how he had been set upon by two men, but could not tell who, and had received a contusion in his head, but hoped it would be attended with no bad consequences, no further than confining him a little. Mr. Harris, as much as he suspected Squire S—— in other things, had not the least suspicion of him in this, but heard Lord T—— both concluded they were thieves, and intended to rob him after they had killed him, if the gentlemen had not come up. When Lucy heard how it was, she was very much grieved, but endeavoured to bear this misfortune as well as she could; and to comfort him during this separation, sent him an answer to his letter.

"My Lord,

"You cannot feel more pain with your wound than my heart feels for you; I would willingly come and see you, but think my character might suffer; however, if I thought you any ways dangerous, I would defy the world's censure, for what would that, or anything be to me, if you was lost; but I hope soon, by your presence, to banish all my fears, and give joy to your (till then) unhappy

"Lucy.'
The third day after, finding himself recover very fast, he went to Lucy, who received him with open arms, and they passed the time in happiness without interruption. Lord T—— set out for London again, promising to take every opportunity he could of coming to Upton; but when he was gone Lucy was very pensive, as she had no one to whom she could impart her mind to; for in a few days she would lose her companion Fanny, who had engaged herself to a milliner in London.

Squire S—— being prevented in his base designs on Lord T——, made him more curious, and finding he was gone, resolved to possess Lucy, and knowing the intimacy between Fanny and her, he went to the shop and purchased several articles, desiring Fanny to carry them home, and she attended on him to his house; being alone, the Squire told her of his passion for Lucy, and promised if she could contrive that he might enjoy her, he would give her a hundred guineas. The golden temptation proved too strong for her to resist, and forgetting her friendship for Lucy, promised she would get him to lay with her instead of herself. This was a glorious thought, and Squire S—— indulged it to the height of his passion, but would not part with the money first; however, they agreed it should be done that night, as Fanny had every thing in readiness to set out the next day, and should not care to
to be in the town after it was found out; but the Squire told her as to that she need not be in any fear, for he dare say by morning he should find her satisfied, and willing to live with him on his own terms. Towards ever'ing this false friend went to Lucy, and told her she had heard something about Lord T——, which it was proper she should be informed of, but that she could not say then, and proposed, if it was agreeable to her, she would come and sleep with her that night; for, says she, I am going to London to-morrow. Lucy agreed to it with a great deal of pleasure, and longing to know about her lover, desired Fanny to come soon; but the wicked artful girl told her she would not have her mistress know on any account that she lay out of the house, so she said it would be best for her to come when her father and mother were gone to bed, and then to let her in in the dark, and not to speak till they were in bed; this Lucy agreed to, and told her she would look out of her window for her. This being settled, Fanny went to inform Squire S——, who with all expedition equipped himself in Fanny's cloaths, which she had brought for that purpose, and the Squire walked towards the house, Lucy seeing him, went softly down stairs, and let him in; they were soon undressed and in bed, when Lucy said, well now, Fanny, tell me all about it; but instead of answering her, the supposed Fanny took her
her in his arms, and began to kiss her, saying, 'It is not Fanny that embraces you, my lovely angel! but myself, who have long loved you, though you have been so cruel to deny me, but now it is impossible for you to prevent my wishes!' Lucy knew the terrible voice, and exerting all her strength, jumped out of bed, screaming as loud as she could for help to her father and mother, who lay in the room underneath, and happened to be awake; they immediately went to her assistance. The door being open, Mr. Harris and his wife went into Lucy's room, where they found her at the feet of the bed in a fit; they got her into bed, and with some difficulty brought her to herself, when she told them the vile trick Fanny had served her, with the deceitful tale she had told her. The Squire, naturally a coward, hearing somebody coming, escaped out of the window, and went directly to his house.

Early next morning he went to Fanny, who was expecting him, and as he had stayed so long was quite sure of her reward; but the Squire soon let her know her disappointment as well as his own. Fanny dreading the consequence, declared she would set out immediately; and he well knowing he might be tried for attempting a rape, notwithstanding his riches, thought it best to go off too for a little while; accordingly he hired a post-chaise, and they went away together,
gether, and before they reached London he prevailed on her to give up her virtue as well as her honesty. When they arrived in the metropolis, he left her to seek after the place she was going to. The Squire being acquainted with several gentlemen in London, they often rode ten or twelve miles for the air, and one morning, as fate ordained it, being willing to shew his skill in horsemanship, he in attempting to leap a five-barred gate broke his neck.

But to return to Lucy, who towards morning became more composed, when Mr. Harris went to see for Fanny, but found she was gone away without speaking to her mistress, which she wondered at, till she heard the wickedness she had been capable of to her friend. He went next to the Squire's house, but to his vexation he was gone from home; he went several days together, and met with the same answer; but the following week the Squire's corpse was brought to Upton, to be buried in the family vault, and the account of his death was brought with it.

Lucy had some fresh cause for trouble, her mother (as she thought her) was taken very ill, and four days after she died, to the great grief of Lucy and her husband, who buried her decently, and lamented her loss with many a tear. Lord T—— came there again just after she was laid in the ground, the grief he saw his dear Lucy in for the loss of
of her mother, was insupportable to him; he tenderly solicited her to moderate it; and in a short time, by his agreeable conversation, brought her to a proper renovation; and he prevailed on Mr. Harris to let Lucy go with him to his aunt, at Worcester, for a little while to divert her; he said, he was sure his aunt would willingly receive and entertain her, when she hears her mother is dead, and his cousin Sophia would be very fond of her for a companion. Mr. Harris left it to Lucy's own choice, who was soon persuaded by her lover to go for a little while, and prepared every thing for her journey. Mr. Harris loved her as if she had been his own child, and the grief she had expressed for his wife made him regard her still more, and notwithstanding he should be very lonesome, he wished her to have some pleasure.

The young lovers set off together, and soon arrived at the house of Mrs. Summers; Lucy was received very kindly by that lady and her daughter, to the great pleasure of Lord T——, who stayed with his Lucy a few days till she had got a little acquainted with the ladies, and then left them.

Amongst the ladies that visited there, was the Countess of B——; this lady took a great liking to Lucy, and she on her part never met with any person she felt such an uncommon regard for; she could hardly keep her eyes off the lady, who seemed to
have something of dejectedness in her countenance.

One day when Mrs. Summers, her daughter, the Countess, and Lucy, were sitting together, the conversation turned upon people having moles, or marks about them; Lucy said she had got the mark of a cherry on her bosom, the Countess with great eagerness begged to see it, which Lucy complied with; the lady no sooner looked, than she fell back in her chair and fainted away; they all assisted to bring her to herself; when she revived, she looked round and cried, 'Where is my dear child, Lucy!' Lucy, in great surprise, said, 'For heaven's sake, madam, what do you mean?'—'Oh, my dear,' says she, 'by that mark on your bosom, I believe you to be my long lost child.'—'That is impossible!' replied Lucy; 'my mother is lately dead, and my father lives at Upton. I had not the honor, madam, of coming from so noble a family.' 'Dear Lucy,' says the Countess, 'will you go with me to your father, to satisfy my mind by asking him a few questions?' to which request Lucy readily agreed. The Countess desired Mrs. Summers and Sophia to accompany them in her coach, which they did. As soon as they arrived at Mr. Harris's, the Countess, with a countenance expressive of hope and fear, enquired earnestly whether Lucy was really his daughter; she hesitated, and seemed in confusion; at last she said,
said, 'I believe, madam, I have always behaved like a father to her.'—'There is no doubt of that,' replied the Countess haftily, 'I beg you will answer my question with truth, as my happiness or misery depends on it.'—'When first I took notice of your ladyship's face,' says Mr. Harris, 'I guessed your business, as the perfect resemblance between you and Lucy convinced me you was her mother, and I will confess, madam, what I never did to any one, she is not my daughter, but a foundling.' The lady burst into tears of joy, and taking Lucy in her arms, said, 'You are indeed my own dear child, whom I have never beheld since the first week of your birth; but at my first seeing you at this lady's, I felt an uncommon emotion, and seeing the mark on your bottom, besides your name being Lucy, which is my own name, and I had you named so on that account, all corroborated to make me believe you mine;' then turning to the fisherman, she says, 'Can you produce my daughter's cradle, sir? but I will tell you first what it was, that you may be convinced I am her real mother. It is a wicker basket, lined with tin, to keep out the water, but the top was not lined, that the air might get through; as the tin would have been cold for the infant to lie on, I made a bed of quilted fattin myself, and round the sides likewise; her linen was laced and embroidered, and her robe white fattin.' Mr. Harris
Harris said her ladyship had given a true description of every thing, and he was convinced she was Lucy's mother. Lucy then fell at the Countess's feet, and embracing her knees, let fall a shower of tears in her lap. The good man fetched out the things which had been laid up very carefully; he informed them how he found it, and not having any children of their own was very fond of Lucy, and brought her up tenderly, not letting her do any hard work, as they thought by her dress she belonged to some person of distinction; 'but,' continued he, 'your ladyship has not mentioned the handsome reward we found in the bag for taking care of her.'—'That reward is not sufficient,' replied the Countess, 'for the preservation of my Lucy, and I shall think of some recompence for your kindness; but at that time I did not imagine the person who found her would have the care of her for sixteen years.'—'Madam,' said Lucy to the Countess, 'pardon me if I offend, but I am desirous to know the reason of your casting me out in that manner, and yet shewing such tender care for me.'—'As you have all been witness,' replied the Countess, 'to my finding and acknowledging my daughter, it is necessary you should be informed of something more.'

'My maiden name was Lucy R——, my father Sir Charles R—— being a gentleman of great fortune, I was educated and brought up.
up in the highest sphere in life. At a court ball one birth-day, I happened to dance with the Earl of B——, from that time he commenced my lover, and to confess the truth I felt a mutual passion for him. He had long solicited his friends to go abroad on his travels, and had formed a party with some young noblemen to make the grand tour. We had frequent interviews together; never did man adore a woman more than he did me; but knew his friends would not consent to his marrying, as he was under age, and was obliged in honor to leave the kingdom. He persuaded me to a private marriage in my own chamber; that, as he said, he might be sure of me when he came back.

About two months after he set out, but finding by some little symptoms I was pregnant, advised me if the child lived to put it out of the way privately till his return, and acknowledge his marriage, otherwise, if my situation was known, I must either discover our being married, which he did not wish to be known at present, or have my character reflected on. I promised I would keep every thing a secret till I saw him again; but, alas! I never have or ever shall have that happiness. But to proceed, growing near my time, I desired my father to let me go to Worcester, to see my nurse; my mother dying almost as soon as I was born, she had the care of my infancy; my father
father had a great regard for her on that account, and as she was gone to settle in that part, frequently let me go and stay two or three months with her. I accordingly went, and informed her of my condition, and of my private marriage; finding secrecy was required, she proposed that scheme, but I shuddered at it at first, till she assured me there was no manner of danger, as the river was so smooth, the child would lay as safe as in my arms, and would be taken up by somebody who would take care of it for the sake of the money; my next objection was how I should find it again when my husband came home; nothing more easy, she said, she should remember where she put it, and would show me when I got about again. Being satisfied my child would be restored to me again, I consented, and shortly after I was delivered of you, my dear Lucy, without the knowledge of any person but my nurse, who was skilled in midwifery, and in less than a week she had you privately baptized, and carried you away from me, after I had killed you a thousand times, and shed a flood of tears over you. While I lay-in, all my talk was how I should find my child again when the Earl came home; my nurse said, nothing was more easy; for depend upon it, says she, such a thing will be the talk of the whole place wherever it is; and when you are up again we will go about a little, and we shall soon hear such
an affair, and when we know where it is, we will let it remain till your husband comes back, and I can fetch it to you. But before I was capable of going out the good old woman died suddenly: she had a sister in this town, I sent for her, and she had her buried, and took what she had left.

I wanted now to go back to my father, having laid longer than ever I did, but I had a sufficient excuse to tell him of my nurse’s death; however, I could not be easy about my child; I went to every town and village round Worcester, not daring to ask, but to hear if there was any talk of such a circumstance, but to my grief could discover nothing, so I returned to London, trusting to Providence for the preservation of my infant.

In about a year afterwards, I heard the dreadful account of the Earl of B—— being dead; he died of a surfeit in Italy; what could I do now; I was married, a widow, and had had a child, but lost it; neither my father nor his friends knew any of these circumstances, and it would be in vain to inform them now; therefore as every thing had been a secret, I let them remain so; but since that time I have never enjoyed one hour of calm repose. My husband’s family are all dead, and my father has been dead three years; I am in possession of his whole estate, which is very large. It is now near two years that I have been settled at Wor-

cester
cester, and have taken my own title upon me, as there is none of my husband's family alive to call me to an account for it, besides, as I was really married I have a right to it. Never having my child out of my thoughts, I chose to live near the spot where I lost her, hoping some blessed chance might bring on a discovery, which has fortunately happened. 

While the lady was speaking, they had shewed great attention; Lucy had all the time sat bathed in tears; when her mother had finished, she again threw herself on her knees, and asked her blessing, which that lady gave her with great tenderness and many embraces.

They now returned back to Worcester, taking Mr. Harris with them, as they expected Lord T— in a day or two, that he might be present when the discovery was made to that young nobleman.

Mrs. Summers and Miss Sophia congratulated the Countess of B—and young Lady Lucy on their happy meeting with each other; and the good fisherman's heart overflowed with joy, but could hardly bring himself to call her Lady Lucy, and she insisted upon his behaving to her as he used to do, 'for,' says she, 'I shall always look on you as my father, as you have been so many years my protector, besides, though I have found a mother I have not a father therefore pray be my father still.' Lord T— came as they expected; as soon as he
he came in, Sophia cries, 'Well my Lord, you are very good to come so soon; Lady Lucy did not expect you this day or two; we have been with her and the Countess of B—, her mother, to fetch Mr. Harris.' Lord T—— did not know what to make of this speech, and seeing them all smile, 'Pray cousin Sophia explain yourself,' says he. Mr. Harris could refrain no longer. 'Why, my Lord,' says he, 'I am not Lucy's father, and she has found her own mother, so she is more worthy of you, as she is equal in birth to yourself.' Mrs. Summers then gave him a brief account of all that had happened, at which he was much astonished, but greatly pleased, as he was in no fear of his father's consent. The Countess very much approved of his passion for her daughter, and made him many compliments on his generous behaviour to her. Lord T—— would not stay but a week with them, which they spent in joy and pleasure on the occasion; such haste was he in to propose this alliance to his father, who readily consented to it, but said he should like to have the ceremony performed in London. Lord T—— with great expedition returned to the ladies again, and informed them of his father's approbation and desire, which was agreeable to them all, as they could provide things for the occasion better there than in the country. Lord T—— went first, to provide genteel lodgings
lodgings for them, and they soon followed. When they were a little settled, they paid a visit to Lord T——'s father, who was laid up with the gout, but he received them in a very polite manner, and was perfectly charmed with young Lady Lucy. Preparations went on with all speed for this wedding, which was to be very splendid, notwithstanding it took up several months to have every thing in order.

One morning Lord T—— was walking in the park full of thoughts of his approaching happiness, was called to in a low voice, by a young woman meanly dressed; he presently knew her to be Fanny, who lived at Upton; though he was angry with her for her behaviour to Lucy, yet his good nature made him stop to hear what she had to say. 'I beg pardon,' says she, 'for speaking to your lordship, but I am very uneasy in my mind, on account of my treachery to Lucy Harris, and the base squire never gave me a farthing for it, though his promising me a hundred guineas made me do it.' 'What! did he make you that promise?' says Lord T——. 'Yes,' replied she, 'and he told me as we went away in the post-chaise, that he was the person that set the fisherman's house on fire, and that he set two men to murder you, but they failed.' 'Well,' says Lord T——, 'these are things that I did not know before, and am glad to be informed of them.' She then went
went on. 'He was the first ruin of me, and then left me, but I was so uneasy I could not stay in my place, and did not care what became of me, and have been very much distressed, but if I had a little money to buy me a few cloaths, I would go to service again.'—'Well,' replied Lord T——, 'that is a good resolution, and I will encourage it; so pulling out his purse, he put five guineas in her hand, telling her to be sure and buy cloaths with it, and get into place, 'and then,' says he, giving her a direction, 'come to me; and you shall never want for encouragement while you do well.'

Fanny took the money very thankfully; and accordingly in a week after she came dressed very decently, and informed Lord T—— she had got a good place, and where it was, saying, she would endeavour to keep it; so he gave her five guineas more, telling her to be a good girl for the future, and she might do very well yet. He had told Lucy of his seeing her, and all she said. Lucy was surprised to hear of the squire's wickedness, and much shocked at Fanny's being brought to shame and guilt by his means, but hoped she would reform in time, as she did not seem abandoned.

Every thing being in readiness, and the joyful day arrived, Lord T—— was married to the charmer of his heart, Lady Lucy, When the ceremony was over, which was done
done with all the grandeur and pomp imaginable, they were elegantly entertained at
the house of Lord T——'s father, and there was nothing but general joy and pleasure.
Mr. Harris was as happy as the best of them, and proud to be still called father by the
blooming bride.

After a month's recreation, feasting, and rejoicing, Mrs. Summers with her daugh-
ter returned to Worcester.

Mr. Harris prepared to go to Upton again, but they did not know how to part
with him; for he, though he was poor, was looked upon as the source from whence all
their happiness flowed. They would fain have kept him with them, but he preferred
his old ivy shaded cottage to all the grandeur he had experienced at London. Therefore
finding he would go, they loaded him with presents; but he told them they had given
him more than he could possibly spend while he lived, and would have refused some
of their favors.

Lord T——had an elegant house fitted up for himself and his lady, and furnished it
in an elegant manner. Never was a lady happier than Lucy with her beloved lord,
who perfectly idolized her; his father was very fond of her; and the Countess of B—
by her indulgence to her daughter now made up for the time she had loit in shewing
a motherly care of her.

Lady T——had an inclination to see her old
old friend Fanny, and being informed by Lord T—— where she lived, she sent for her. Fanny dressed herself as well as she could, and went to their house. Lady T—— received her very kindly. Fanny made many apologies for her behaviour, and shed some tears. Lady T—— told her she freely forgave her, notwithstanding, she was almost the cause of her death, but she hoped she had seen her error, and her future conduct in life would shew her true repentance of the past. She then gave her a ten pound bank note, and promised if she went on well she would often be a friend to her.

Lord and Lady T—— often went to Worcester, to visit Mrs. Summers and her daughter, and they did not forget to visit the good old fisherman, at Upton, who always received them with inexpressible pleasure.

Lord and Lady T—— many years enjoyed uninterrupted pleasure, being blessed with a numerous and dutiful offspring, who by imitating their parents virtues, were an ornament to their rank, and ensured them that happiness which always results from good actions.